THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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E. B. BOUST.

OFFICE, ON SACRAMENTO STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

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ENQUIRER CALENDER, 1864.

1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	July	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
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	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
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Feb.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6	Aug.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
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June.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4	Dec.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
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	26	27	28	29	30	..	..		25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Business Cards.

L. B. ARNOLD, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office Main street, Dutch Flat. 1-tf

HALE & ANDERSON, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in the brick building, next door to the County Hospital, Auburn, Cal. a32-tf

C. A. TWEED. E. L. CRAIG.

TWEED & CRAIG, Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Will practice in all the courts of Placer and the adjoining counties. Office in Auburn, in Judge Myres' building, Court street, next to the Temple saloon. may14 tf

WM. C. JONES,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Will practice Medicine in Dutch Flat and vicinity. Office next door to the Dutch Flat Water Co.'s Office, Dutch Flat. aug. 14, 1862-tf.

H. W. ELSON,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
Office, one door above the theater, Main street, Dutch Flat, Cal. [no20 tf]

PHILIP W. THOMAS. R. C. POLAND.
THOMAS & POLAND,
ATTORNEYS and COUNSELORS at LAW,
STONE OFFICE, BELOW THE TEMPLE SALOON,
jy16] AUBURN, CAL. [6m

D. H. PETTESON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office opposite the Express Office, Main street, Iowa Hill. 1-tf

J. HUBBARD .. ...E. M. HALL.....B. C. ALLEN
HALL & ALLEN,
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AUBURN, TODD'S VALLEY AND DUTCH FLAT.
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Every description of work executed in the best style. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. ap3-tf

[From Macmillan's Magazine for May.]

THE AMERICAN UNION.

HAS ENGLAND AN INTEREST IN ITS DISRUPTION?

The struggle which is going on in America, whatever may be the rights of the question and the merits of the parties, is so important in a moral, political, and social point of view—the issues which it involves are so vital to the grandest interests of humanity—that we should not show greatness of mind by choosing our side on merely diplomatic grounds. This, however, we have done at, least to some extent. The chairman of a meeting of the Southern Independence Association said the other day, that one of the great objects of the Association was the "disruption of the Union," and that this object was sought not only in the interest of the American Continent (to which it was assumed a "balance of power" would be a great blessing) but "in the interest of our own dear country." This supposed interest of our own dear country has, it may safely be said, been at the bottom of a good deal of our professedly disinterested admiration of the Confederates and condemnation of the Federals; and it alone gives any meaning to the epithets of *un-English* and *unpatriotic* which are constantly applied to those who, on grounds connected with the general interests of humanity, have taken the side of the North. It is assumed the restoration of the Union, with a prospect of unlimited extension, must produce a military power formidable to the security of all other nations; and that it is therefore essential to us, as the possessors of Canada and the West Indies, and as being liable to be brought into collision with the Americans by those possessions, that the Union should be broken up into a number of independent and hostile States. This, we say, is assumed, and upon the strength of the assumption we have said and done things which might make the Americans our enemies, even if they had no tendency to be so. We have, moreover, placed ourselves in an attitude of fear, which rather provokes the other party, if he has anything of a disposition to bluster in his character, to place himself in an attitude of attack. We have also been on the point of being drawn into very sinister and unnatural alliances against a people who, after all, are our kinsmen, and whose increasing and expanding myriads are destined to spread our language, our intellectual empire, and the essential parts of our political institutions over a continent to which the mother country is but a speck. It is worth while at least to examine carefully the grounds of this assumption, and to see that it accords with the reason of the case and with the experience of history.

Now, of course it cannot be denied that in an immense nation, one in blood and united in interest, in full physical vigor, abounding in wealth, and commanding the resources of a vast territory, great military power must reside. We have the proof of this before our eyes, and probably, shall experience it in the still more practical way if we give ourselves over to the guidance of the Southern Independence Association. But the mere existence of such a power, in a dormant state, is no source of danger to the world, unless there are causes to call it into action and to incite the people possessing it to war.

Now, the American Republic, while at peace within itself, showed no disposition whatever to keep up a standing army; and the extension of its territory, down to the outbreak of this civil war, though vast and rapid, made no difference in this respect. The fashion of the Old World, by which it is in all things a good deal affected, and the presence of a British army in Canada, prevailed with it so far as to make it maintain a few thousands of regular soldiers, for whom, in truth, there was real employment in the protection of settlers against the Indians. The subsidence of the old revolutionary struggle left the Americans where the commencement of the present revolutionary struggle found them—in the Free States, at least—a perfectly unwarlike nation; so unwarlike that their first attempts in war excited among us a ridicule which is strangely at variance with our half-disguised fears. The fact is, the conditions under which a nation will consent to sacrifice an enormous proportion of the fruits of its industry, and to imperil, or rather to forfeit (as all the great military nations of Europe have forfeited), its political liberties in order to maintain a powerful standing army, have in their case, been hitherto entirely wanting. They have had no frontiers to defend, no neighboring nations—their rivals and possible enemies—against whose hostilities or intrigues it was necessary to guard. England is "a nation without frontiers," being surrounded by the sea; and, therefore, she has kept up a much smaller standing army in proportion to her size (especially when we reckon the dependencies) than other European nations, and has, partly in consequence of this, preserved her political liberties better than the rest; but having rival nations close at hand, and being entangled in their quarrels, she has been obliged to keep up a standing army to a certain amount.

By breaking up the Union and dividing Central America into rival and hostile nations, we should, in all probability, generate the very conditions under which alone, (judging from the precedents of history) a settled and civilized nation, devoted to peaceful industry and the acquisition of wealth, is likely to become a military power dangerous to its neighbors. We shall force each section of the hitherto united, and therefore peaceful, continent to keep up a standing army, which the military powers of Europe, they will be always prone to employ.—At present, even a struggle for the existence of the nation with difficulty, draws the people from their farms and stores.

In the absence of such occasion for a standing army as we are trying to give them, there is little fear lest the Americans should maintain one out of mere military vanity and in pure waste. There is little fear of this, at least, so long as they retain their present republican constitution, which, again, a certain class among us are very anxious, in the political interest of this country, to see overthrown. To be made to keep up a great standing army in pure waste, or for purposes of senseless ambition, a nation must be under the dominion of a king or an oligarchy empowered to take the money of the tax-payers without their consent—such as the kings who ruined France in playing their game of war, or the oligarchy which, reigning in England through the rotten boroughs, dragged us, for its own interests, into the struggle against the French Revolution. The Prussian Chamber would reduce its standing army were it not prevented by the King and the nobility who support him. The Provisional Government of France showed, during its short tenure a disposition to reduce military expenditure, which would alone have been enough to entitle it to our sympathy and regret. The representatives of the great towns—that is, of the democratic element in our Parliament—incline the same way. Switzerland is almost without a standing army, though, being encircled by military powers of an aggressive disposition, she is obliged to keep up a highly trained malitia. The republics of antiquity, to which allusion is often made as examples of republican aggressiveness were not, like the American commonwealth, industrial communities with universal suffrage, but dominant races spurning peaceful industry and supported by slaves. Rome, indeed, even as regarded the dominant race, was no more a republic than Venice; she was an aristocracy conquering the world with a standing army raised by conscription. A really republican government, in truth, is almost devoid of the motives for keeping up a large army, as well as of the power to do it. It has no dynastic objects to promote. If it conquers, it will not, like the Roman aristocracy, engross the plunder. It rests on the convictions and free allegiance of the people, and has no need, like the European despots of military force to prolong the existence of the obselete and noxious form of government by a person among nations ripe for rational allegiance to the law.

The saying that the Americans are "fighting for empire" on the present occasion, is one of those careless misrepresentations which become mischievious when uttered by statesmen. They are fighting only, as any people not reduced by luzury or shop-keeping to the condition of sheep would struggle, for the preservation of their unity as a nation. Whatever desire of territorial aggrandizement may reside in them will find ample vent in the illimitable West, and all the restless enterprise of the more unsettled members of the community, who might otherwise wish to follow the drum, will naturally expend itself in the same direction. It will do so, at least, unless an independent nation is interposed between the populous States of the East and the waste lands of the West; for then the vent might be stopped, and the explosive force (if any) would burst forth in some other direction.

On the other hand a slave power, judging from the historical precedents at which we have glanced, is likely to be warlike. The South, if made independent, would commence its career as a nation with a great number of disbanded soldiers—men, before they were drawn into the army, of loose habits, admirably trained to war, and trained to nothing else. The visions of a vast slave empire in the West cherished by these men are at an end. Thus much at least the Federals have gained for themselves and for humanity in the war. Mexico appears also to be cut off. Cuba, long coveted, and the West Indies with their inhabitants remain.

The following is Captain Semmes' official report of the fight with the *Kearsage* and sinking of the *Alabama:*

Mr. Mason has sent a copy of Capt. Semmes's official report of the engagement to the *Times*. Capt. Semmes says that in an hour and ten minutes the *Alabama* was found to be in a sinking condition, the enemy's shells having exploded on her sides and between decks. For a few minutes he had hopes of reaching the French coast, but the ship filled rapidly and the furnace fires were extinguished. Capt. Semmes says, "I now hauled down my colors to prevent the further destruction of life, and despatched a boat to inform the enemy of our condition, although we were now but 400 yards from each other. The enemy fired at me five times after the colors had been struck. It is charitable to suppose that a ship-of-war of a Christian nation could not have done this intentionally. Some 20 minutes after my furnace fires had been extinguished and the ship being on the point of sinking, every man, in obedience to a previous order which had been given to the crew, jumped overboard and endeavored to save himself. There was no appearance of any boats coming from the enemy after the ship went down. It was fortunate that I thus escaped to the shelter of a neutral flag on board Mr. Lancaster's yacht *Deerhound*, together with about 40 others.

APPARATUS FOR FIREMEN.—A simple, and apparently effective apparatus, has been lately constructed by a German gentleman, for the purpose of discovering the whereabouts of the flames in cases where the smoke would prevent the firemen from entering a house in the ordinary manner. The inventor does away with the mouthpiece and fresh air-pipe hitherto used in these cases. The apparatus consists of a cap made of light material, and covered with a coating of gutta percha; this cap is drawn over the head, a collar of india rubber fitting it sufficiently tight round the neck to prevent the smoke from entering. Two holes filled with glass, admit light as in a diving apparatus; and in the region of the mouth and nose two cross incisions are made, which are buttoned up, after a sponge, saturated with strong vinegar, has been admitted, entirely covering the mouth and nostrils. Experience teaches that the organs of respiration are not affected by the smoke so long as the sponge is kept wet; and a small bottle of vinegar which the fireman takes with him enables him to moisten the sponge when required. A whistle attached to the inside of the cap completes this very simple contrivance.

A WOMAN WITH HORNS.—The New York Observer of the 12th instant contains a letter from its correspondent at Larnaca, in the Island of Cyprus, (Turkish dominions) describing a most remarkable *lasus naturæ*, recently discovered there. It is nothing less than a woman with horns growing out of her head. She has one large horn on the side of her head of the size and consistency of an ordinary ram's horn, besides three or four cornicles on other parts of the head. The writer states that he has seen her, and that she has been visited by nearly all the consuls and Europeans in that place, some of whom are making an effort to secure her for exhibition.

THE Boston Herald has come out in favor of James Gutherie as the nominee of the Chicago Convention. It says "military men are generally poor legislators."

A Boston mechanic has invented a two-story railroad car, with smoking and sleeping rooms up aloft.

You may know a foolish woman by her finery. Women are wise on a sudden, fools on premeditation.

[From an English Magazine.]

A GAME OF BRAG.

BY A LOOKER ON.

It is possible that many respectable persons may be unaware of the attributes and nature of the game of Brag; more popular though it be, as a method of making money to change hands than any other invention under the sun, and counting its devotees by thousands in the Old World and in the New. A gentleman, on board a United States river-steamboat, once "bragged" at this game no less than two millions of dollars; and upon his antagonist's doubting whether he possessed the money, produced a little carpet-bag crammed with notes to a much greater amount than the sum named.—It turned out that he was a government commissioner in charge of the money to pay the troops in Texas and had thus taken advantage of his opportunity to back his cards for an amount that put all competition out of the question. In America this entrancing pursuit, under the *alias* of "Poker," causes more speculation than all Wall Street. In India, officers in her majesty's service on sick-leave in the hills, play it unceasingly, with their hats cocked over their eyes to conceal the workings of their intelligent countenances, and even—as we are assured—with masks on; for a gentleman who possesses expressive features should not play "brag"—for reasons that will presently appear—and there is even a theory that the vacant looks of the officers of the household troops are caused by their wish to become proficients at this extraordinary and important pastime.

It is a game that is played with cards, three of which are dealt to each person. The best hand that can possibly be obtained is that which consists of three aces; the next best, three kings, three queens, three knaves, &c.; after these, which, of course, seldom occur, two aces, two kings, &c., are excellent to "brag" upon; then sequences; then pips of the same suit, the ace counting for eleven. Nothing can be simpler than this; and besides it, there is no skill to be acquired whatever, but simply the art of dissimulation. Having got my hand, (I never played this hateful game in my life, but write in the first person for the sake of perspicuity and ease,) which consists, say of two twos, I keep them to myself, and upon being asked by the dealer if I brag, I reply; 'Yes, certainly,' with the air of a man that has three tens at least. Some of the company have such bad hands that they don't brag at all, but throw them up at once, and forfeit their stakes for that deal; others, like myself, decide to "brag." If the brag is unlimited as to stake, as it too often is, I say: "I brag five pounds, or ten, or twenty;" then such of the rest as are not alarmed at the magnitude of that sum, brag the same; and each adds that money to the pool. In other words, each bets his twenty pounds (suppose) that his hand is better than that of any one else in the company. It may be a very bad hand indeed, and yet by offering to back it with large sums, and a fearless impudence of manner, he may frighten his neighbors into believing that is a very good one, and so into relinquishing their chances. Everything depends, it will be seen, upon secresy and resolution. It was at this game that President Lincoln's commissary lost that great sum intended for the store department, playing with gamblers having a confederate in the room above, who could see his cards through a hole in the floor, and communicated their value to his accomplices.

There is, however, this check upon inordinate bragging: any player upon paying twice the amount of the previous "bragg," is privileged to look at the other player's hand—at mine, for instance. If his cards are better than my two twos, he, of course, has nothing to fear from me, at all events, and goes on staking; and he sometimes goes on, if they are *worse*, either to frighten me out of the field, or to induce me to give *him* twice the previous brag to look at *his* hand. Brag is, in short, the merest excuse for betting that was ever called a game; in addition to which, it renders deception absolutely necessary; for if it was guessed by a player's genuine air and manner that he had a really good hand, his opponents would not stake at all, and he would reap no gains beyond the small sum originally placed in the pool by each. It will easily be understood that the cards must not have the least mark upon the backs of them; and therefore, white cards are generally used in this exciting contest—for amusement it can scarcely be called. Now, in that railway which connects the two great commercial towns of Lancashire, many of the everyday passengers are accustomed to while away the journey by playing cards together; they know one another, and make up their rubbers beforehand, and even have certain carriages retained at either terminus for their especial accommodation and diversion.

It so happened last July that I, a chance passenger between Liverpool and Manchester, found myself in a first-class carriage, occupied by five gentlemen, playing at this redoubtable game; and without having the least desire to join them, I watched their proceedings with some attention, and was rewarded by witnessing what was admitted to be an unprecented occurrence, and one well worthy, if not of immortal verse, at least of printed record. For the first twenty minutes, I should mention, they played whist—of course with two packs of cards—upon the remonstrance of the gentleman who found himself cut out, and obliged to make room for the fifth man at the railway rug, which was their card-table, they changed the game to Brag.

While my moral nature was shocked, I could not help being interested by the secretiveness of each competitor, by the air of confidence with which they backed an indifferent hand, by the affected hesitation with which they continued to brag upon a good one, and by their close scanning of one another's countenances, in which nothing but cunning and avarice were to be traced. And yet, in the sense of playing for high stakes, they were not gambling. A sovereign or thirty shillings was the most that had been lost by any person, when presently, the rest having thrown up their hands, two players began to back their cards at such considerably higher sums, as to arouse everybody's curiosity to know what they were staking on.

"Let me look at you, Jones," cried one; "I'm not playing, you know, and Smith will never be able to tell anything by my face."

"That is true, my dear fellow," replied Jones, coolly. "If want of expression could beget confidence, one could trust in your face as much as in any man's. But I cant let you see my cards. Smith, I brag five pounds."

"I brag ten," was the response. "And allow me to warn you, as a friend, not to back yourself extravagantly, for you'll lose, my Jones, and you're a family man."

Here took place a burst of laughter: this was a new use indeed, to affect interest in the state of an adversary's pocket, in order to make him give in.

"Well,' replied Jones, 'you're a bachelor, it is true but you cannot afford to lose twenty-five pounds, and that is the amount of my next brag."

"I brag twenty-five pounds also," remarked Smith, cheerfully.

"Then I will brag fifty pounds," returned Jones; and rather than go on, I solemnly tell you, you should give me a hundred to look at my hand."

"I would'nt give a farthing to look at your hand," answered the other, scornfully. "I am really sorry to ruin you, but your obstinacy brings it upon yourself. You will have to part with Mrs. Jones' piano as it is, I expect."

"Sir," replied Jones, with resolution, "upon the cards which I hold here I would brag Mrs. Jones herself with the utmost confidence."

"You had better not," responded the bachelor, darkly. And again there was a shriek of laughter from the audience who were not permitted to be spectators.

"Now, my dear Smith, let us understand one another. If you continue to play this game, you will never ride in a first-class carriage again. I should be sorry to be the means of driving you into the 'parliamentary.' Tell me how much money you can afford to lose without going to jail, and I will brag *that*."

"I will brag two hundred and fifty pounds," quoth Smith, calmly; "and you had better give me a bill of cash upon your furniture at once. I am quite sure you haven't got so much in your bankers hands."

"I will brag five hundred," answered Jones, with his teeth clenched. "I will brag my house and garden; I will brag myself and government situation. If, instead of being in the express-train, we were in the middle ages, and you were the Old Gentleman himself, I warn you that I would brag my soul."

"Then you would lose it," responded Smith, to a dead certainty, and I should have made a very indifferent bargain. Now, listen. Let the last brag of two hundred and fifty stand; and Robinson and Lloyd shall look at my hand, and Brown at yours. Then we will be bound by their advice, and if they say to either of us 'Stop,' we will do so."

"Very good," quoth Jones; showing his cards with a grim smile to his left-hand neighbor. I would have given anything to see them also, but being a stranger, I did not venture to ask to do so. "Do you think, Brown, I ought to give in to Smith with a hand like this, or do you not?"

"It is quite impossible," observed Mr. Brown, solemnly "that any man should give up such cards. I think, under the circumstances, that I am almost justified in saying that Smith cannot win."

"What do *you* say?" inquired Smith, turning the face of his cards to his two friends with the most careful secresy, and watching for their reply with triumphant confidence.

"It's absurd," quoth Mr. Robinson; "you're sure of winning."

"I would lay a thousand pounds upon such cards," said Mr. Lloyd.

"Stop!" exclaimed Jones; "I will brag a thousand pounds myself, and what he can't pay I will let him off, after having sold his books and personal clothing. We are now getting close to Manchester. Let us each wrap up our cards in a new aper, and go into the station, and get them spled up; then we can call for them in the sea evening, and brag all the way home. You miserable Smith! you set out this morning in competence; you will return a beggar."

"You will, indeed," corroborated Mr. Brown.

"Unhappy Jones," quoth Smith; "certainly those whom the gods wish to destroy, they first make mad. This morning, you probably complained of the kidneys being underdone at breakfast. To-morrow, your wife and children will be in want of daily bread."

"They will, indeed," echoed Messrs. Lloyd and Robinson.

"Gentlemen," said I, "it seems to me this matter never will be settled except by arbitration. I have not the honor of the personal acquaintance of any of you, but I am an honest man; and if both the players will show their cards to me, I will tell them which ought to give in. This will be better and more pleasing, I am sure, whether to winner or loser, than the utter ruin of either of them can possibly be."

"I am quite content with that arrangement," observed Smith, although, of course, it is a great sacrifice."

"You are a noble fellow," exclaimed Messrs. Lloyd and Robinson, with irrepressible admiration.

"Then I am also content," remarked Jones, "although I needs must lose by such an arrangement."

"Generous being!" exclaimed Mr. Brown, enthusiastically," "yes, he needs must lose."

I rose from my seat, and looked over Smith's cards. He had three aces—the best that any man can hold. I turned from him with sorrow in my heart for the poor married man, and looked over Jones' cards. *He had three aces also!* When they left off playing whist, the packs had got somehow mixed together, and so the two gentlemen had hod all their excitement for nothing. They had enjoyed the luxury of ruining a friend in imagination, and of being magnanimous at a cheap rate; and if it had not been for the interposition of the present writer, it is my belief that they would have braggiug still.

REPREHENSIBLE.—One Davenport, Collector of the United States Internal Revenues for Nevada county, is charged with acts, which, if proven, should cause his removal from office.—Some parties he compels to pay their taxes in gold, though they tender greenbacks; others he allows a discount of 40 or 50 per cent. when they pay in gold. The Nevada *Gazette*, we are sorry to say, defends such conduct. Davenport's official action, as stated by the *Gazette*, is indefensible. He has no right to allow a discount on gold, nor to peddle greenbacks around the country. It is his duty to receive such lawful money as is tendered him without allowing any discount whatever. If Davenport has been guilty of such conduct as the *Gazette* alledges, and which it defends, he should be removed from office at once, and in the name of the Union party we demand his removal. No Collector has any lawful warrant to receive $10 or any other sum in gold less than the full amount, for a $20 dollar tax, neither has any officer right to peddle greenbacks about the country and speculate in them.—*Sacramento Bee.*

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

E. B. BOUST. : : : EDITOR.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 13, 1864.

DIVINE SERVICE.—Rev. S. V. Blaiksle will preach at the School House on Sunday, the 14th instant, at the usual hours, morning and evening.

EXPLANATION.—"The Dutch Flat ENQUIRER is said to have come out as a flat-footed Union journal; but the fact cannot be proved by us.—We haven't seen a copy of it for weeks. If it has really been struck by loyal lightning we are 'powerful' glad to hear to it.—*Nevada Gazette.*

To the above the *Stars and Stripes* appends the following:

"As it is probable that the above and a similar notice in the *Sac. Union* were founded on an article in our last issue, and both of these notices appear to be serious, we have become convinced that the "satirical" is not our *forte*, wherefore, we mean to drop it. As we supposed that the ENQUIRER had an exchange list somewhat commensurate with the immense advertising and subscription patronage of which it lately boasted, we concluded that our leading exchanges would have seen the article to which we referred and appreciated its drift. The sum and substance of the matter appears to be, that the ENQUIRER has a favorite candidate for the Collectorship of District No. 2,—said candidate having heretofore been classified as of the *genus* Copperhead, but, being desirous of charming sundry Union birds, has announced himself as an Independent Candidate, whereupon Roust becomes magniloquent in laudation of the inpregnibility of the Union party, and suggests the taking of the power out of the hands of Conventions, and, substituting "independent" action by the masses. Our high opinion of the good judgment of our neighbor compels us to this conclusion—he is too sensible to suppose that the course he proposes *could* have any other effect than to distract and divide the party."

We do not see the matter in the same light as our *political* friend. He pretends to think that by allowing the people to rule, the effect would be to "distract and divide the party." It appears to us that the course suggested by us would have quite a different effect; we are satisfied that there is a very large majority of the people of our county in favor of a Union of the states; opposed to a disruption of the Government under any pretext whatever; men who are capable of deciding for themselves as their preferences of agents they wish to employ to transact their business, men who are above the petty tricks and low cunning that has been practiced in every convention convened since the organization of the State; and by their disposition to act openly and above board are ruled out of all matters of public interest by those who induce the unsuspicious to compromise themselves in favor of a few who, were their claims openly submitted to the people would not get a decent precinct vote, but by a certain hocus pocus, the manipulators of which are supposed to have their headquariers at Auburn (in this instance), men are thrust rudely forward before the people for their suffrages, and should any complain or exercise any disposition to learn the trick by which the "arrangement" was brought about, a cry of 'disloyalty' is raised against him by the Mogul who presides over the destinies of the delectable sheet from which the above extract is made, and is immediately echoed by all the little "gulls" of the district. Any one who refuses to wear his hair over his ears is instantly "spotted," and a combination is immediately made against him, independent entirely of his avowed wish to support the Government, or his good character as a citizen.

We do not desire to be understood as attacking the nominees of the convention held in this place last week; they are, so far we know, our friends, we certainly wish them well; but we speak of conventions in general. Selkirk says we had a favorite candidate; well, suppose we had, did that incapacitate us from advocating the Union cause? He says the candidate we favored had been classed heretofore as a "Copperhead," and makes a very unbecoming insinuation toward that gentlemen about catching a few "Union birds;" now, granting our candidate was formerly a Domocrat, was not General Grant one, also; was not Generals Rosecrans, Wright, Thomas, Morris, McClellan, and a host of others, all Democrats? Will Selkirk, the "satirical," pretend to say these gentlemen are not worthy of support, or that their former or present political predilictions are bars to their actions in maintaining the honor and integrity of the Federal Government? We hope our quixotic friend of "spread eagle notoriety" has too much sincerity to doubt the worth of these patriotic men, yet, it seems he is anxious to cast a slur upon the character of a true Union man, one who has battled manfully for his country at Monterey and Buena Vista, and at present occupies an honorable position in our State military, is a man of honorable conduct and intends at the November election casting his vote for the nominees of the Baltimore Convention. How a professedly Union man can complain of one with these facts staring him in the face, we cannot conceive, unless it is because "our candidate" has not promised Selkirk "or any other man" or his relations a deputyship in case of his election. Which, in our opinion, would have been highly wrong.

Selkirk says that the "satirical" is not his "forte," which as a general thing may be true, but in this instance his satire has acted the part of a boomerang and cut off the head of the one who threw it. He might have added the want of a another qualification of which he appears to be totally oblivious of: the art of stating a straight fact when there is a pecuniary interest on the other side. In fact he has become so addicted to "exaggeration" that it is almost impossible to tell when he is joking or in earnest.

NEW STYLE.—A new style of paper collar has been introduced and HEUSTON, HASTINGS & Co., of San Francisco, are the Agents. They are cheap, durable and neat.

THAT DITCH.—We have seen several notices in our exchanges of the intention of parties at Nevada city to bring in a new ditch to this place, but from what we are able to learn about the matter it is by no means certain. A short time ago the parties interested in what is known as the "Kidd Ditch" came over to look at the place and the chances of making a ditch, and the extent of the diggings to which the ditch would be run; and we hear that they were favorably impressed, and that they are now having a survey run from the Yuba river to a point near Zerr's ranch. We also hear that the same parties have already had two lines of survey made over the same ground, but were not satisfied with either, and taking their former acts as a ground-work to predicate a reasonable opinion upon we rather doubt that they will now prosecute the work. That a ditch by which the miners could be supplied with water the entire season would pay, there is not a doubt, and we have been somewhat surprised that the capitalists have not seen proper to invest money in a project which promises such large and quick returns. Did we have water in this district sufficient to supply the demand, there is no other locality that would equal the gold yield; we are confident that we have the most prolific mines in the State, and the only drawback heretofore to substantiate this fact has been the want of water. We hope, however, that Messrs. Kidd & Co. will see fit to bring in the talked of ditch, for our people want all the water that can be possibly brought to them.

EXCITEMENT AT DAYTON (N. T.)—The Virginia *Enterprise* of August 10th gives us the following particulars of the hanging at that place:

About three o'clock in the morning the Vigilance Committee at Dayton took Lynn (the man who killed Doyle) from the jail and hung him. Some eight men went to the Sheriff's office, tied and gagged him, took the keys of the jail. They took the prisoner out, and put a rope around his neck, and drew him up on a gallows in the rear of the jail, hastily constructed of scantling. There were some two or three hundred persons present at the time of the hanging, and all was done so quietly that few in the town knew anything of it till all was over. The immediate cause of this precipitate action was Justice Ward admitting the prisoner to bail in the sum of $10,000 yesterday afternoon, which sum was about being procured and the murderer set at liberty. The Justice, however, soon revoked his decision and recommitted the prisoner for trial.

BISHOP KAVANAUGH comes out in a letter published in the *Bulletin*, under date of August 10th, disavowing in toto any participation in politics, and says that he is as yet ignorant of of the charges as well as the causes which induced his arrest. We hold that men arrested for *any* crime should be confronted with their accusers, and in all cases, when possible to an immediate trial.

NOMINATED.—The Union District Convention which met here last Saturday nominated W. E. Miller for Collector, and John Kneeland for Assessor, about which there appears to be considerable dissatisfaction, and a manifest determination on the part of the discontents to elect somebody else.

The Convention which met at Michigan Bluff acting with its characteristic harmony nominated James Stackhouse for Collector, and Wm. Van Vacter for Assessor, after—a number of the delegates had withdrawn from the convention. Selkirk claims the nominees: shouldn't wonder if the people allowed him to have them.

LAWRENCE M. KEITT.—This individual says the Humboldt *Times*, was formerly an insolent Member of Congress from South Carolina, and who was once knocked down in the Representative Chamber by ex-speaker Grow, was killed in one of the recent battles in Virginia. He did much toward bringing on the present war, and has now met with his reward. Truly "The way of the transgressor is hard."

When the South Carolina delegation left Congress, Keitt made a fire-eating speech, declaring that he would live to see the capital in which he stood the sole habitation of rats, bats, and owls. He aided in building another capital, but he died without seeing a single ray of hope for it in the Southern Confederacy, which he had labored all his mis-spent life to establish. Similar to this declaration of his was that of Toombs, that "he would call the roll of his slaves on Bunker Hill." The Confederacy is tottering, and Toombs is in a rebel prison for words spoken against the regal Jeff. Jeff. Davis declared that "when the war did come, the superior chivalry of the South would enable them to fight all their battles on northern soil." To-day he sits quaking in Richmond, his ears disturbed by the sound of Grant's cannon. The Government which Davis, Toombs and Keitt tried to pull down, is growing in beauty and grandeur, because it is founded upon the rock of eternal justice and truth, while their Confederacy leaning upon the broken crutch of slavery is just about to topple into the bottomless pit of ignominious defeat, and treasonable infamy.

COUNTY PRINTING.—We are glad to see by the proceedings of the Board of Supervisors at their last session that they passed an order authorizing the Clerk of the Board to invite proposals for the County Printing, and are only sorry the order was not passed years ago, as we know the saving would have been considerable to the people. The members deserve praise, too, for their prompt action in this matter when the advantages and economy was pointed out to them, showing that they are solicitous for the welfare of the people and willing to satisfy the expressed wishes of their constituents.

THE HIGHT OF IMPUDENCE.—Selkirk classing himself as an editor.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Jim Grant, another stage robber has been arrested at San Jose, on the 8th of August..... A Republican spirit is extending throughout South America—that is the only form of government that should exist on this whole Continent. ....A call for 10,000 troops has been ordered in the Pacific States, to be sent through New Mexico to Texas, to act as an army of observation.....The Chinese still keep up the opium smuggling business at San Francisco....A large fire occured at Virginia City N. T., on the 30th of July.....The Washoe *Star* reports a number of emigrants passing that place *en route* for California.....There were six inches of snow on Mount Washington at last accounts, and the telegraph is working to all the mountain towns ....The Masonic Fraternity at Downieville will dedicate their new Hall on the 23d instant.... The laws of Idaho have been published, making a volume of 700 pages—they are chiefly formed from the statutes of California and Nevada. .....Judge Boundurant of Mariposa has decided that all Court fines are payable in greenbacks. ....John Boyle, one of the Coulterville stage robbers, has been sent to the States Prison for ten years, from Mariposa county. Thomas R. Brazier, another of the gang, was sentenced for five years. Both protested their innocence. ....Only one Board of Brokers is left in San Francisco.....Lander county, the Reese river region contains 310 children. Pretty good for a two-year old county.....Eleven men, charged with being confederates of the gang who robbed the Pioneer stages above Placerville, were arrested at San Jose recently on a bench warrant from El Dorado county. Their names are Jarboe, Gamble, Hodges, Cross, Reason, Jordan, J. A. Robertson, two Freers, H. Wallace, and Clendening, cousin of the one shot lately—all residing in that vicinity....Parties returning from the Idaho mines bring bad reports of the prospects in that country. They left Jordan Creek about two weeks ago, and say that the miners are leaving in every direction. They report considerable trouble with the Bannock Indians, who are hostile. The gold dust brought from that section assays but $11 per ounce.... Kessing the United States Collector for Sonoma county informs the *Argus* that between February 1st and July 1, 1864, he had collected a duty of fifteen cents per pound on 24,900 pounds of tobacco manufactured in the county within that time....Ramon Velasquez, a Mexican who was charged with murdering a Chinaman near Lacaree ranch, San Joaquin county, lately, was found guilty of murder in the first degree, and was sentenced to be hung on the 23d day of September next....On Bear creek, east of Indian Gulch, in Mariposa county, a man was stopped by a robber, lately. He gave spurs to his horse and escaped....The San Francisco *Press* says: "A terrible tragedy was enacted in the guard-house at Black Point, on Wednesday evening. A soldier named James Fitzgerald, whose widow resides in this city, was stabbed to death by a crazy soldier named Simon Kennedy." He had a number of wounds on his face, chest and body. He lived but a few moments. It was soon discovered that Kennedy had performed the bloody deed. Kennedy is supposed to be insane; he has been arrested, and is now in prison....A man named Thomas Dowd was shot at Oroville on the 7th of August, by William Underwood, with a shot-gun. the trouble grew out of a dispute about a mining claim. Dowd is not expected to live. Underwood is not yet caught....In the prize fight on the 7th, at Virginia, between Bill Blackwood and Patsy Foy, the latter won, in twenty rounds. ....The Washoe *Herald* is dead....We learn that on Monday night the wife of Charles Swift, residing at Brown's Valley, says the *Express*, cut the throat of her husband from ear to ear, with a butcher knife. The cut was not deep enough to prove fatal, and the man will probably recover by the aid of medical skill. Swift is a blacksmith, and until recently was in the employ of the California Stage Company. He was married about six months ago; his wife is about sixteen years of age. We did not learn the cause of the rash act. It was committed while he was asleep....The Solano *Herald* of August 10th gives the subjoined particulars of an accident whereby a young lady from San Francisco lost her life: "A number of visitors were at Dingley's Mill in Green Valley, amusing themselves in inspecting the machinery and its operations, when Miss Mary E. Parker passed between one of the hoppers and the perpendicular shaft by which the motive power is supplied to the stones. While leaning over the hopper and handling the barley that was being chopped, her dress stuck to the slowly revolving shaft, and soon wound round so as to become fast.—She did not seem to realize the extreme peril of her position, and said to the miller near by, in a half-laughing tone, "My dress is caught!"—The miller cried out, "My dear girl! you will be killed!" and sprang to her aid, while orders for stopping the machinery were instantly given; but it was too late. Loosing her balance by the irresistible motion of the shaft, she was thrown down with great force, her head striking the cast iron boxings of one of the stones so violently as to break the iron in, spattering her brains all around and killing her in an instant. The girl's mother was in the mill, and frantically sought to seize her child, but was forcibly prevented from placing herself in danger. It was a horrible sight to witness, but the bystanders could not do anything for several minutes to rescue the body. The mill is carried by water-power, having a wheel 65 feet in diameter—the largest in the United States—and no mortal power could stop the machinery in season. If the girl had known her danger, and had retained her presence of mind so as to clasp the shaft with her hands and go round with it until its speed was slackened, this calamity would not have occurred. The Parker family, consisting of Mrs. Helen Parker and 6 children, (of whom Mary E. was the oldest,) rendered fatherless by the death of Mr. J. M. Parker at San Francisco in January last, have been visiting a friend in Green Valley during the past few weeks, and expected to return to San Francisco in a day or two with Mr. Eugene Lehe, (a field musician of one of the companies stationed at Fort Alcatraz,) to whom the unfortunate girl was to be married on her eighteenth birthday—the 18th inst. He obtained a furlough for that purpose and came up on the *Princess* on Saturday afternoon, and was suffered to reach the house where the dead body of his betrothed lay, before receiving any intimation that anything was wrong. His state of mind may be examined, not described."

EASTERN NEWS.

In the battle of the 28th at Atlanta the fighting was very obstinate on both sides; the rebels charging our entrenchments many times, only to be repulsed with slaughter....The Indians are very troublesome at Omaha, Fort Carney, and on the Upper Mississppi.....The sum realized at the late Sanitary Fair at Philadelphia will not fall short of $1,000,000. Go in Old Phil....Gen. McCook was not captured in Georgia as reported, or any other place....It is reported that the rebels have been reinforced but to no considerable extent it is thought....Louisiana is to vote upon the Free Constitution in September next....General Hooker has been relieved by Gen. Sherman, and sent to Washington....No much news of interest from Petersburg....The good news from Mobile, is confirmed—Fort Powel was evacuated and blown up by the rebels; Fort Gaines surrendered, and the enemy were very indignant at the surrender and says a rebel paper: "It is painfully humilliating to announce the shameful surrender of Fort Gaines by Col. Anderson of the 21st Alabama regiment."....Matters are going well in North Carolina: General Averill has gained a decided victory, completely routing the enemy, taking four pieces of artillery—all they had—with 420 prisoners....Sheridan is moving against the enemy up the Shenandoah, and at last accounts was skirmishing with them ....Atlanta is closely beseiged, the Union forces are pounding away at it on all sides.... Pennsylvania has decided that those who fight for the Union shall vote for it ...There seems to be quite a pressure in the East for giving Gen. McClellan a command....It is supposed that some satisfactory plan of attack has been agreed upon by the President, his Cabinet, and Gen. Grant. May result in success....Secession sympathisers are trying to get up another riot in New York....Gov. Curtin of Pennsylvania, has called out 30,000 malitia in that State. ....The St. Louis (Mo.) *Democrat* informs us that the authorities are raising the K. G. C.'s out of their boots about that place....Rebel sympathisers at Memphis, Tenn., filled the carcass of a dead mule with 60,000 percussion caps, amunition, and other contraband articles, and were hauling it out of the Federal lines, when a sentinel happened to thrust his bayonet into the carcass, and made the discovery. That's playing pretty low down....The noted rebel ram *Tennessee* has been captured in Mobile Bay....Private dispatches from New York quote Gold on the 10th inst. at 255; Sterling 1084, gold price....Two settlers near Cobb river, Minnesota kill on half an acre of ground 7000 rattlesnakes—pretty good crop as this was not a good year for the snakes....Gen. H. B. Carrington has reported an organization treasonable in its character to Gov. O. P. Morton as existing in the State of Indiana. It is a military compact. Andy Humphreys and D. W. Voorheis are Maj. Generals. The name of the organization is "Sons of Liberty" *alias* K. G. C's.....Com. Farragut is bombarding Mobile. The fleet passed the forts at the mouth of the Bay without serious opposition. It is expected that the city will soon surrender.... The Union soldiers have gained another victory in Arkansas. Gen. Asboth routed 400 rebel cavalry, taking all their amunition and official papers....The raid of the rebels toward Pennsylvania appears to be quite over. They have withdrawn south of the Potomac, to near Winchester. Sheridan has been put in command of a new Military Division whose headquarters are to be at Harper's Ferry. Averill routed the raiders at Moorfield taking over 500 prisoners. The least pleasant part of the news is the rumor that the real object of the rebels in this demonstration northward was to cover the detachment of 30,000 of Lee's veterans to Atlanta —but if that is so Grant will get the benefit of it about Petersburg. Grant, who has been to the Upper Potomac district, has returned again to City Point....Prisoners are being removed by the rebels from central Georgia to Charleston, as no longer safe in Georgia. It seems to be confirmed that Stoneman was captured as reported on rebel authority, with a part of his command. Tennessee is moving in earnest for a reorganization of her civil government and a participation in the Presidential election..... There is reason to suspect that a rebel plot was on foot in Canada to burn Buffalo and destroy the canal locks at Lockport.

PERSONAL.—Hon. John Yule paid us a visit to-day. He looks well, and we hope stands a fair show for nomination for Congress, as he is one of the best men of his party.

ASSESSMENTS LEVIED.

MILTON GOLD and SILVER MINING COMpany, Summit District, (Squaw Valley) Placer county, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the 23d day of June, 1864, an assessment (No. 4.) of ten (10) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in gold and silver coin to the Secretary at the office of the company, at Wisconsin Hill, California. By an order of the Trustees duly made on the 2d day of August, 1864, any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 3d day of September, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 19th day of September, 1864, at one o'clock, P. M., to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

WM. A. HOUSEL, Secretary.
Aug. 3, 1864. 4w Wisconsin Hill, Cal.

EXCELSIOR GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company, Excelsior District, Nevada county, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the said company, held on the 21st day of July, 1864, an assessment of six (6) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable in United States coin, to the Secretary at the office of the company in Dutch Flat, Placer county. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 22nd day of Aug. 1864 will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Monday the 5th day of Sept., 1864, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

JOHN MEYER, Sec'y.
July 27, 1864. Office, Dutch Flat.

ASSESSMENT SALES.

RATTLESNAKE GOLD AND SILVER MINing Company, Excelsior District, Nevada county, California.—Notice—There is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company on account of assessments (No. 3) levied June, 18th, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	*Certs.*	*Shrs.*	*Amt*
John F Thomas	19	50	$5 00
same	20	25	2 50
same	21	25	2 50
J S Jones	2	20	2 00
same	3	20	2 00
same	6	20	2 00
Mary A Thomas	22	25	2 50
same	23	25	2 50
same	24	25	2 50
same	25	25	2 50
J H Willits	36	5	50
same	37	5	50
same	38	5	50
same	39	5	50
same	40	5	50
same	41	5	50
same	42	5	50
same	43	5	50
same	44	5	50
same	45	5	50
same	46	10	1 00
same	47	10	1 00
same	48	10	1 00
same	49	10	1 00
same	40	10	1 00
N W Blanchard	not issued	100	10 00
C M Kopp	not issued	100	10 00
D M Harden	not issued	100	10 00

And in accordance with the laws of California, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 18th day of June, 1864, so many shares of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States coin, in front of the office of the Secretary in Dutch Flat, Placer county, California, on the 7th day of August, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

T. J. NICHOLS, Secretary,
jy23 Office, Dutch Flat, Cal.

The above sale is postponed to Tuesday, the 16th day of August, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Trustees,
Jul. 22, 1864. T. J. NICHOLS, Sec'y.

WASHNGTON GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER Mining Company, mine and works located in Excelsior District, Nevada county, Cal.—Notice—There is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above company, on account of assessment (No. 2.) levied June 17th, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	*Certs.*	*Shares*	*Amt*
Greely, H H	33	50	$5 00
same	34	25	2 50
same	35	25	2 50
Heyman, S	25	25	2 50
Lynde, J E	27	25	2 50
Lyon, W B	44	25	2 50
Molter, J	11	10	1 00
same	12	10	1 00
same	13	10	1 00
same	14	10	1 00
same	15	10	1 00
Norton, G V	1	25	2 50
same	3	25	2 50
same	4	25	2 50

And in accordance with the laws of the State and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 17th day of June, 1864, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold coin in front of the office of the company in Dutch Flat, Placer county, on the 1st day of August, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessment together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOHN DAMSGUARD, Secretary.
July 21, 1864 Office, Dutch Flat, Cal.

The above sale is postponed to Tuesday, the 16th day of August, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Trustees,
July 22, 1864. JOHN DAMSGUARD, Secy.

UNION GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMpany, mine and works located in Boundary Line District, Placer county, California.—Notice, there is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company on account of assessments, levied July 7th, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	*Ass't's.*	*Certs.*	*Shrs*	*Amt.*
Fulweiler, J M	2	56	2	$2 00
same	2	58	2	2 00
Holmes, P B	2	16	1	1 00
same	2	17	1	1 00
same	2	18	1	1 00
same	2	19	1	1 00
same	2	20	1	1 00
Hollowell, H B	2	78	2	2 00
same	2	79	2	2 00
Jones, J S	2	32	2	2 00
Lowe, M L	2	90	1	1 00
iller, S A	2	28	5	5 00
Robinson, Jas	2	not issued	10	10 00
Squires, J E	2	95	4	4 00
Thomas, Jno Y	2	37	2	2 00
same	2	38	2	2 00
same	2	39	2	2 00
same	2	40	2	2 00
same	2	11	2	2 00

And in accordance with the laws of the State of California and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 7th day of July, 1864, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessay will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold coin, in front of the office of the company, in Dutch Flat, Placer county, on the 27th day of Aug., 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

E. B. BOUST, Secretary.
Aug. 11, 1864. 2w Office, Dutch Flat, Cal.

LEBANON MINING COMPANY, works located on Prospect Hill, Placer county, Cal.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 6th day of August, 1864, an assessment of Twenty-nine 50 100 ($29 50) dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable in gold or silver coin to the Secretary, at his office on Prospect Hill, Placer county, California. Any stock upon which said assessments shall remain unpaid on the 6th day of Sept., 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 21st day of Sept., 1864 to pay the delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
JOHN RAVENSBURG, Secretary.
Aug. 6, 1864 au13-4w Prospect Hill, Cal.

CHAUTAUQUE GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company, Summit District, Placer County, California. Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Trustees of said Company, held on the 12th day of July, 1864, an assessment of ten (10) cents per share was levied on the Capital Stock of said Company, payable immediately in United States gold or silver coin, to the Secretary, at his office in Damascus, Placer county, California. Any Stock in the above named Company, upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 11th day of August, 1864, will be advertised on the 13th day of August, 1864, as delinquent; and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Monday the 29th day of August, 1864, to pay the delinquent assessment together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

M. H. POWER, Secretary,
Damascus, Placer county, Cal., July 12, 1854.
[jy-16.]

EXCELSIOR GOLD AND SILVER MINing Company, Excelsior District, Nevada county, California.—Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the above named company, at their office in Dutch Flat, Placer, on the 21st day of August, 1864, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing officers and the transaction of other important business pertaining to the company.

By order of the Trustees,
J. MEYER, Sec'y.
July 21, 1864. 4t

Too Late.—We have received a copy of the address of Dr. Schellhous, delivered before the Teachers' Institute, recently held in this place, but too late for this week, it will appear in our next. We have not read the address, but those who had the pleasure of listening to its delivery speak of it in terms of high commendation.

Watts' Nervous Antidote.—We desire to call especial attention to the advertisement of the above medicine, to be found in our columns, those who have used it speak highly of its virtues.

BORN.

In Dutch Flat, August 5th, 1864, the wife of Henry King of a son.

In Dutch Flat. August 1, the wife of B. Aynar, of a son.

In Dutch Flat, August 6th, the wife of Chas. Seffens, of twins, son and daughter.

We are authorized to announce the name of

MAJOR CHARLES M. KOPP

as an Independent candidate for the office of Collector of District No. 2. Subject to the will of the people.

BANK OF CALIFORNIA,
Corner of Washington and Battery Streets
SAN FRANCISCO.

THIS BANK IS OPEN FOR THE TRANSACTION of a General Banking Business. Will receive deposits, attend to the collection of Paper and draw Exchange, by TELEGRAPH or otherwise, on New York, London, Dublin, &c., &c., on the most favable terms. WM. C. RALSTON, Cashier.
D. O. MILLS. President.
San Francisco, July 6, 1864. jy23-1m

JOSEPH A. DONOHOE, San Francisco. EUGENE KELLY, New York

DONOHOE, KELLY & CO.,
San Francisco,
EUGENE KELLY & CO.,
New York,
BANKERS,
Exchange on NEW YORK, BANK OF LONDON, London, and the BANK OF IRELAND.
San Francisco, July 1, 1364. jy93m2p

Dry Goods and Clothing Store
OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT,
[A few doors below W & P. Nichols' Banking House.] by
CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest Cash prices.
☞ Call and examinemy goods, whether you wish to pupchase or not. jan 20-tf

LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Dutch Flat. State of California. Aug. 1, 1864.

Bennet, L. C. 3	Knalawa, E.
Brewster, J. C.	McIntosh Sen.
Bell, Henry 2	Mahoy, John
Bell, James	McDonald, A. J.
Boyer Washington	Niles, M. P. 5
Clanton. James	Phillips, Elisha
Duffey, Wm.	Pelham, Orin
Dapkins, Ira	Reilly, Peter 2
Foley, Thomas	Sherrin, Lewis
Francisco, Manvel	Stull, Joseph
Hyslop, Robert	Venzey, Wm.
Hershberger, Jacob	Woodruff, John
Jones, Walter	

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "*Advertised Letters*," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the "Dead Letter Office."

C. B. Plumer, P. M.
By J. H. Boke, Asst.

READ! READ! READ! READ!!

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Wakefullness, Weak Back, Heart Disease, Mental and Physical Debility, Impotency, Timidity, and all diseases arising from derangement of the Nervous System, can be readily cured by the use of

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.

For sale wholesale and retail by
CRANE & BINGHAM,
Corner of Clay and Front streets, San Francisco, and by all respectable druggists everywhere. au63m

PUTNAM'S Clothes WRINGER.

IT IS THE ONLY RELIABLE
Self-adjusting Wringer.

NO WOOD-WORK TO SWELL OR SPLIT

No Thumb-Screws to get out of Order.

Waranted with or without Cog-wheels.

It took the FIRST PREMIUM at Fifty-seven State and County Fairs in 1863, and is, *without an exception the best* Wringer ever made. Patented in the United States, England, Canada, and Australia. Agents wanted in every town, and in all parts of the world. Energetic agents can make from $3 to $10 per day. Sample Wringer sent Express-paid on receipt of price. No. 2, $6 50. No. 1, $7 50. No. F, $8 50. No. A, $9 50. Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by the
PUTNAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 13 Platt str., New York, Cleveland, Ohio, and Birmingham, Vt.
S. C. NORTHROP, Agent.

What Everybody Knows:

That Iron well galvanized will not rust; that a simple machine is better than a complicated one; that a wringer should be self adjusting and efficient; that thumb-screws and fastenings cause delay and trouble to regulate and keep in order; that wood soaked in hot water will swell, shrink and split; that wood bearings for a shaft to run in will wear out; that the Putnam Wringer, with or without cog-wheels, will not tear the clothes; that cog-wheel regulators are not essential, that the Putnam Wringer has ALL the advantages, and not one of the disadvantages above named; that all who have tested it, pronounce it the best Wringer ever made; that it will wring a Thread or a Bed Quilt without alteration.

We might fill the paper with testimonials, but only insert a few to convince the skeptical, if such there be; and we say to all, test Putnam's Wringer. Test it thoroughly with ANY and ALL others, and if not entirely satisfactory, return it.

Putnam Manufacturing Co.—Gentleman:—I know from practical experience that iron well galvanized with zinc will not oxidize or rust one particle. The Putnam Wringer is as near perfect as possible, and I can cheerfully recommend it to be the best in use.
Respectfully yours, JNO. W. WHEELER,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Many years' experience in the galvanizing business enable me to indorse the above statement in all particulars. JNO. C. LEFFERTS,
New York, Jan. 1864. No. 100 Beekman str.

We have tested Putnam's Wringer by practical working and know that it will do. It is cheap; it is simple; it requires no room, whether at work or at rest; a child can operate it; it does its duty thoroughly; it saves time and its saves wear and tear. We earnestly advise all who have much washing to do, with all intelligent persons who have any, to buy this Wringer. It will pay for itself in a year at most.
au6-1y Hon. HORACE GREELEY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F. hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.
Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
JOSEPH S. BLOOM, N. G.
E. M. Thomas, Rec. Secretary. ja-1

We feel it to be no impropriety in recommending a trial of that new medicine, Le Doyen's Lithontryptic and Alterative. It is claimed to be the most costly in its care and preparation of any Sarsaparilla in use; and so great has been the sale of it below, that the agent has induced the proprietor to advertise largely thro' the Coast States and Territories. As a blood and constitution alterative, it has Iodine and Iron so chemically combined that it carries with the blood the essential principle of life. Try it, young and old. [jy23-3m]

Coughs and Colds.

The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily when taken in the *early* stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. Soldiers should have them, as they can be carried in the pocket and taken as occasion requires. Agents for California,
REDINGTON & CO.,
jy23-1m San Francisco.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN,
A LADY OF WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsammum or World's Hair Dressing are unequalled, and so acknowledged by all who use them for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the Hair, rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair. They never fail to restore grey Hair to its original youthful color. They act directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required. No lady's toilet is complete without the Zylobalsammum or Hair Dressing. It cleanses hair and imparts to it a most delightful fragrance, and is suited to both young and old.
The Restorer Reproduces.
The Hair Dressing Cultivates and Beautifies.
If your hair is thin, try it; if scurfy, try it; if harsh, try it; if lustreless, try it; of none of these, try it, for all who use it will preserve their hair thro' life. For sale by all Druggists. Agents for California, Hostetter, Dean & Smith, San Francisco.
[may20-6m]

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of the Dutch Flat Steam Saw Mill was dissolved by mutual consent on the 12th day of July, 1864. Persons indebted to the old firm are requested to make immediate payment. J. JONES,
July 18, 1864. J. D. HILTON.
J. W. BRICKELL.

W. H. Kruger having purchased the interest formerly owned by J. W. Brickell in the Dutch Flat Steam Saw Mill, the business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned. The firm thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to the mill would solicit a continuance of the same, pledging themselves to use every exertion to render satisfaction.
J. JONES.
July 20, 1864. J. D. HILTON.
jy23 1m W. H. KRUGER.

SECRETARIES OF MINING COMPANIES—ATTENTION!
CROCKER'S
STOCK and Assessment LEDGER!

Is the simplest, most economical, and useful book ever published.

☞ COPYRIGHT SECURED. ☜

WE have received over a hundred testimonials from different Secretaries in recommendation.

The Ledger is bound in three styles:

Half Morocco, Muslin sides	**$10 00**
Full Bound, Sheep	**14 00**
Full Bound, Russia Bands	**17 00**

☞ LIBERAL TERMS AT WHOLESALE. ☜
Published and for sale, wholesale and retail, by
H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
Book and Job Printers, Sacramento.

CERTIFICATES OF STOCK,
AND COMPLETE SETS OF BOOKS FOR INCORPORATED COMPANIES
Got up in Superior Style, at the Lowest Rates.
[ap14 3m]

DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement to those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for
MINING PURPOSES!
We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducemen for contractrs.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of
LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.
June 20, 1860. tf J. JONES & CO.

A CARD.

I beg leave to inform my friends and the public that on and after **Monday, the 11th day of July,** I will sell goods

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH!

I will keep no more running accounts, and all goods ordered, must be paid for when purchased or on delivery. I have been forced to pursue this course from the great difficulty and loss that I have sustained in collecting. In a credit business the *good and prompt paying* customers have to pay for the doubtful ones, as the merchant has to make up in *large profits* the amount he loses in *bad debts*. By adopting the

CASH PRINCIPLE!

In my business I shall be able to sell at **Lower Prices** than it would be possible for me to do under the credit system. I shall strictly adhere to

ONE PRICE!

And will furnish Prices Current to all who desire, every Monday.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage, and hoping for a continuance of the same, and trusting that the Cash system will meet their approval,
I am, respectfully, &c.,
jy16-1m F. BURCKHALTER.

W. H. KEELER,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM the Eastern States would announce to the public that he has reopened his old store on Main street, Dutch Flat, one door above the Dutch Flat Water company's office, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers and all others who desire anything done in his line. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner and warranted to give satisfaction. Nov. 12, 1863.-tf.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRMENTO,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner of Sansome and Pine Streets,
SAN TRANCISCO,
DRUGGISTS.

We respectfully beg leave to inform our customers and the public generally that we have opened a House in the city of San Francisco, where we will be pleased to see as many of our old friends and customers as can make it convenient to call upon us. We shall keep at both places a large and well selected stock of

Drugs and Medicines,	Retorts and Crucibles,
Chemicals of all kinds,	Druggists Glassware,
Solid and Fluid Extracts,	Brewers' Stock,
Shakers' Herbs,	Soda Water Material,
Eclectic Preparations,	Paints and Oils,
Patent Medicines,	Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Fancy Goods,	Lard and Sperm Oils,
Trusses & Shoulder Br's,	Camphene & burning fluid
Abdominal Supporters,	Alcohol in Tin,
Assayers' Materials,	

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be under sold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

TRUSSES AND SUPPORTERS,
Gum Stockings, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

BREWERS' STOCK.
Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.
N. B. Ten bales Hops just received by Express.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

ASSAYERS' MATERIAL.
Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.
We are constantly receiving per express, supplies from the manufactories. For sale by
R. H. McDONAFD & CO.

TILDEM'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS.
Of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

PERFUMERY.
We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories. For sale by R. H. McDONALD &CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.
Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.
Burning Fluid, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, and Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

PATENT MEDICINES.
We are Agents for nearly all valuable articles in use, and our stock is unusually large. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
San Francisco.

PAID IN GREENBACKS!

DR. W. D. OLENDORF, OF RED BLUFF, California, availing himself of the law making Greenbacks a legal tender, has, through Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co., tendered and paid us two hundred and seventy-five dollars in GREENBACKS (for goods purchased payable in gold coin), in full payment of his obligations to us. This amount we receipted for in full, which, of course, we were compelled to receive or get nothing.
We feel it our duty to let the public know of this, as any other transaction of like character, that they may understand who the parties are that will avail themselves of the cheap but unjust mode of paying their honest debts.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento and San Francisco.

FOR FAMILY USE.
We have on hand a large assortment of articles for Family and Hotel use, the following comprise a part only:

Flavoring Extracts,	Superior Starch,
Gelatine and Isinglass,	Bluing, liquid and in balls
Tapioca and Farina,	Pure Indigo,
Pearl Barley and Sago,	Polishing Wax for cloths,
Oat meal,	Concentrated Ley,
Yeast Powders,	Potash and Sal Soda,
Cream Tartar and Soda,	Stove Polish,
Fresh Hops.	Stove Brushes,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Dissecting Instruments,	Stethoscopes,
Eye Instruments,	Syringes,
Obstetrical Instruments,	Tonsel Instruments,
Polypus Forceps,	Amputating Instruments,
Probangs,	Breast Pumps,
Post Mortem Instruments.	Bougie's,
Pocket Instruments,	Cathetars,
Trepanning Instruments,	Cupping Instruments,
Speculums,	Electro Magnetic Batuns

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

DENTAL
IMPORTING HOUSE,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,	Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Gum Teeth, large assort't.	Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Teeth for Vulcanite work	Excavators, durrs & drills
gum & plain, great variety	Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Jones & White's gold foil,	Brushes and Carundum Wheels,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,	Grind Stones and Polish Powders,
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,	Lathes,
Tin Foil and Platina plate	Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.
Gold Plate and Solder.	
Dental chairs & head rests,	
Forceps, a large variety,	
Files of all kinds,	

ANATOMICAL PREPARATIONS,
Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.
Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.
Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento,
R H McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

BLANKS, TRUST DEEDS, AND CERTIFICATES OF INCORPORATION, for sale at this office.

STAGES AND TRAVEL.

DUTCH FLAT
WAGON ROAD.

THIS ROAD IN NOW FULLY COMPLETED and open for business. Teamsters will find it the **SHOREST, BEST and Cheapest ROUTE**
— TO —
WASHOE, REESE RIVER & HUMBOLDT
Yet Constructed over the Mountains.
THERE IS ONLY ONE SUMMIT TO CROSS; the grade going East at no place exceeds **Ten Inches** to the Rod, and it is wide enough for two teams to pass each other without difficulty. The same team can transport One-Quarter more freight than by any other Rouse, and make the round trip to Virginia City in
THREE DAYS LESS TIME.
Teams returning from Virginia will take the Henness Pass road to Ingraham's at Stampede Valley, where the new road turns off to the left. All teams coming West without load can travel the new road
FREE OF TOLL!
Until further notice. All those taking loads at Newcastle, the terminus of the Central Pacific Railroad, three miles from Auburn, can travel the road going East, free of toll up to July, 10th, 1864.
☞ **TEAMSTERS, TRY IT!** ☜
And See for Yourselves.
CHARLES CROCKER,
jy2 instf President of the Company.

CALIFORNIA STAGE LINE.
From Dutch Flat to Auburn Station.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 5 A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1½ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 2 P. M.
This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.
Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort*. August 6, 1863.—tf.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1864, until further notice, the trains of the Central Pacific Railroad will be run as follows:

UP TRAINS LEAVE
Sacramento at 6:15 A. M., Arrive at Newcastle at 7:20 A. M.
Sacramento at 1 P. M., Arrive at Newcastle at 3:30 P. M.
Sacramento at 5 P. M., Arrive at Newcastle at 6:40 P. M.

DOWN TRAINS LEAVE
Newcastle at 6:45 A. M., Arrive at Sacramento at 8:40 A. M.
Newcastle at 10:30 A. M., Arrive at Sacramento at 12 M.
Newcastle at 5 P. M., Arrive at Sacramento at 6:40 P. M.

The 6:15 A. M. and 5 P. M. up trains connect at the junction with the cars of the California Central Railroad for Lincoln.
The 6:45 A. M. down train receives passengers from Folsom for Sacramento; and the 10:30 A. M. train connects at the same place with the cars for Folsom, and at Sacramento with the Steamers for San Francisco.
On Sunday one train only will be run, leaving Sacramento at 6:15 A. M., and Newcastle at 10:30 A. M.
Stages for Virginia City, Dutch Flat, Nevada and intermediate places connect with the cars at Newcastle at 7:30 A. M. Stages for Marysville and other points north connect at Lincoln at 7:30 A. M.
LELAND STANFORD,
jel1 President C. P. R. R. Co.

W. H. WALLACE R. S. EGBERT, S. T. LEET.
PACIFIC
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
COMPANY,
— AND —
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE.
New Castle, Placer Co.
All Goods marked "Care of PACIFIC CO." will receive our prompt attention. jel1-tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,
Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.
F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGE, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.
March 13, 1862—tf

J. H. LeCamp. R. Hudepohl
BOOT, SHOE
AND
DRY GOODS STORE,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of
COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'
GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.
From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories together with an excellent supply of
Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,
Which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.
☞ Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

DENTAL CASES.
Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

DENTAL BOOKS.
We keep constantly on hand a supply of all the most approved Standard Works on Dentistry. Our efforts will be to keep a large and well selected stock of all Dental Material, where the Dental Profession may confidently rely upon having their orders filled in the best possible manner.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento, 139 J street,
San Francisco, cor. Pine and Sacramento strs.
[jy2-tf]

SODA WATER MATERIAL.
Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust Soda Twine. Everything in the line.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

MINING ROPE.
IRON AND STEEL WIRE ROPE.—FLAT AFD ROUND—for hoisting from deep shafts and inclines.
Made in ANY LENGTH and of ANY SIZE,
AT THE MANUFACTORY OF
A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
412 Clay street, San Francisco.
The first cost of WIRE and MANILLA ROPE of equal strength is about the same per foot. A Wire Rope, properly applied, will outwear from three to five Manilla Ropes. je25-3mis

SALOONS AND BILLIARDS.

SENATE SALOON.
Main Street, Opposite the Express.
THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO INFORM the citizens of Dutch Flat and his friends generally that he has leased this well known stand where he will constantly keep the best
Wines and Liquors
to be had in the market. Cigars of the best brands always on hand. A call from those partial to pure beverages solicited. DAVID MAYER.
November 12, 1863.-tf

PLACER BREWERY.
BOOMERANG.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best
Wines and Liquors!
Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me.
March 13th, 1862.—tf J. F. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON
Main Street, Dutch Flat,
Geo. L. Slocumb,..... Proprietor.
KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest
Wines, Brandies, Cigars
and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest prices.
December 4, 1862.—tf

PICTURE GALLERY!
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.
THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvement in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.
Ambrotypes and Photographs!
taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. O. B. SILVER.
May 28, 18 63.—tf.

DUTCH FLAT SAW MILL.
THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having
Reduced the Prices!
to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.
We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.
Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to
Miners and Builders
Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.
Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

THEODORE SCHUBERT,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
Main Street, Opposite the Placer Brewery.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that he make to order boots of all grades from a
Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot
Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.
THEODORE SCHUBERT.
Dutch Flat, May 21, 1862—3m

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY,
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.
HENRY RUNKLE.....PROPRIETOR.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh
Bread, Cakes and Pies
always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars!
and an attentive and accommodating bar-tender always ready to attend to the spiritual wants of those who may favor him with a call.
jan10-v4-tf

LE DOYEN'S
Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodine Alterative.
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD.
It is the very best, and, in fact, the only sure and reliable medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood.
A Positive and Specific Remedy
FOR
ALL DISEASES OR AFFECTIONS OF THE BLADDER, KIDNEYS AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS EXISTING IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.
LE DOYEN'S SARSAPARILLA
IS SAFE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND MORE STRENGTHENING THAN ANY OF THE PREPARATIONS OF
IRON OR BARK!
For those suffering from
BROKEN DOWN OR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, FROM WHATSOEVER CAUSE.
LE DOYEN'S SARSAPARILLA
Will give you
A GOOD APPETITE!
STRONG, HEALTHY NERVES, BRISK, AND ENERGETIC FEELINGS,
And enable you
TO SLEEP WELL!
A trial will convince the most skeptical.
Sole agent for California, 620 Front street, San Francisco. jy23-3m

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,
PRACTICAL BOOKBINDER,
Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer
517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,
Between Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco.
☞ Binding of every description neatly executed. Blank Books Ruled and Bound to any desired Pattern. Aug. 21, 1862-1y.

AMUSING PROVERBS ABOUT WOMEN.

As the good man saith, so say we; but as the good woman saith, so it must be.

A woman and a greyhound must be small in the waist.

A little house well filled, a little land well tilled, and a little wife well willed.

All women are good—good for something or good for nothing.

A virtuous woman, though ugly, is the ornament of the house.

An obedient wife commands her husband.

A man of straw is worth a woman of gold.

A woman's work is never at an end.

A good wife is the workmanship of a good husband.

When the good man is from home the good wife's table is soon spread.

A man's best fortune—or his worst—is a wife.

A enemy to beauty is a foe to nature.

All are good lasses; but where comes the ill wives frae?

A woman conceals what she knows not.

A lass that has many woers often fares worst.

A man must ask his wife leave to thrive.

Fools are wise men in the affairs of women.

Every man can tame a shrew but he that hath her.

Ladies will sooner pardon want of sense than want of manners.

Beauty will buy no beef.

Choose a wife rather by your ear than your eye.

Many blame their wife for their own thriftless life.

Prettiness makes no pottage.

While the tall maid is stooping the little one hath swept the house.

Women laugh when they can and weep when they will.

Beauty in women is like the flowers in spring, but virtue is like the stars of heaven.

Women grown bad are worse than men, because the corruption of the best turns to the worst.

Beauties without fortunes have sweethearts plenty but husbands none at all.

Beauty is no inheritance.

Fire dresses the meat and not the smart lass.

Far-fetched and dear-bought is good for the ladies.

Three women and a goose make a market.

There is many a good wife that can't sing and dance well.

The society of ladies is a school of politeness.

The rich widow cries with one eye and rejoices with the other.

He that tells his wife news is but newly married.

He who wishes to chastise a fool, get him a wife.

Next to no wife, a good wife is best

No woman is ugly when she is dressed.

She that is born a beauty is half married.

She that has an ill husband shows it in her dress.

Saith Solomon the wise, "A good wife is a good prize."

She who is born handsome is born married.

Who has a bad wife has purgatory for a neighbor.

The cunning wife makes her husband her apron.

The more women look in their glasses the less they look in their houses.

There is one good wife in the country, and every man thinks he hath her.

There is no mischief in the world done, but a woman is always one.

ONE OF THE CHAPMAN PIRATES IN ENGLAND.—The London correspondent of the San Francisco Morning *Call* writes to that paper as follows;

"J. W. Rubery, after having performed the part of pirate in San Francisco, and very nearly putting good old Uncle Sam to the expense of a length of hempen rope, turns up in England, and plays the part of 'injured innocence.'—When John Bright appealed to the sympathies of Old Abe, and got the young scapegrace out of San Quentin, the proprietor of the Birmingham Daily *Post*, Mr. Feeny, published an article about Rubery, and handled him without gloves. The *Post* said in substance, that Rubery's brother, who carries on the business of an umbrella manufacturer in Birmingham, had sent him out to the United States to collect accounts and that he had kept the money and wandered off to California; and that for acting as he did in that place he ought to have been hanged.—Rubery's friends expostulated with the editor, and he published another article in explanation; but that didn't satisfy them. So when Rubery returned from the 'illigent' quarters provided for him by the hospitolity of the people of the Golden State, he commenced an action for libel. He didn't care a straw about the editor declaring that he deserved to be hanged for being a pirate, but he did care about being called a thief. So the matter was settled in court by a verdict being returned for Rubery with forty shillings damages; and with these ten dollars jingling in his pocket, the quondam boarder at San Quentin returns to the buzzum of his family a white-washed man."

A WAR INCIDENT.—The Washing correspondent of the New York Evening *Post* narrates the following affecting incident:

"In one of the fierce engagements with the rebels near Mechanicsville in May last, a young lieutenant of a Rhode Island battery had his right foot so shattered by a fragment of a shell that on reaching Washington after one of those horrible ambulance rides, and a journey of a week's duration, he was obliged to undergo amputation of the leg. He telegraphed home, hundreds of miles away, that all way going well, and with a soldier's fortitude, composed himself to bear his sufferings alone.

"Unknown to him, however, his mother, one of those dear reserves of the army, hastened up to join the main force. She reached the city at midnight, and the nurses would have kept her from him till morning. One sat by his side fanning him as he slept, her hand on the feeble fluctuating pulsations which foreboded sad results. But what woman's heart could resist the pleadings of a mother then? In the darkness, she was finally allowed to glide in and take the place at his side. She touched his pulse as the nurse had done. Not a word had been spoken: but the sleeping boy opened his eyes and said: 'That feels like my mother's hand! Who is this beside me? It is my mother; turn up the gas, and let me see my mother!' The two dear faces met in one long, joyful, sobbing embrace, and the fondness pent up in each heart sobbed and panted and wept forth its expression.

"The gallant fellow, just twenty-one, his leg amputated on the last day of his three years' service, underwent operation after operation, and at last, when death drew nigh, and he was told by tearful friends that it only remained to make him comfortable, he said, 'he had looked death in the face too many times to be afraid now,' and died as gallantly as did the men of the Cumberland."

REMOVAL OF GEN. SIGEL.—The Washington correspondent af the St. Louis Republican says:

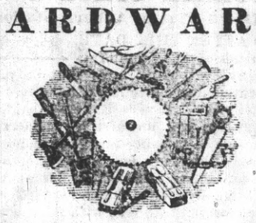
"Facts are coming to hand every hour, showing that the evacuation of Martinsburg and the surrender of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad to the enemy by General Sigel was entirely unwarranted by the circumstances, and, also that the movements of our forces afterwards were conducted by him with no degree of military skill whatever. He surrendered Martinsburg at the first appearance of the enemy's cavalry, and fell back pell mell into Harper's Ferry, and thence to Maryland Heights, with a precipitancy which not only seriously interfered with the plans of the Government, but, also demoralized his forces beyond the power of offering vigorous resistance. His surrender of Martinsburg was very unfortunate, as it left in the hands of the enemy a large amount of supplies, forage and ammunition, which had been collected there three weeks ago with the design of sending it to Hunter. And his surrender of Harper's Ferry was as bad; for it is believed that had he remained on the Virginia side of the river and waited for reinforcements the rebels would not have dared to invade Maryland, but would have been compelled to beat a retreat up the Valley. Under these circumstances the Government deemed it best to remove him from command."

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES,



STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "**Honest Miners,**" that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.

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LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE.

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THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.

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WHITNEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO)

JOHNSTON & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

California Produce

Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "W. & CO., and send shipping receipts with goods, facilitate business and prevent mistakes.

Offices—Sacramento.....Corner Front and Lstrs
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Auburn Station.....At the Railroad Depot
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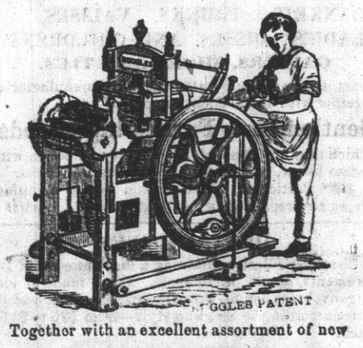

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We are prepared to do every description of

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Such as

BALL TICKETS,
VISITING CARDS,
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CONSTITUTIONS,
BY-LAWS, PAMPHLETS,
POSTERS, &c., &c.,

IN

BRONZE OR COLORED INKS,

In a style unsurpassed by any office in the State at greatly

REDUCED RATES!

FROM OUR FORMER CHARGES.

WE THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS CREATED by "An Act for the better protection of the Treasury of Placer county," approved April 6th 1863, do hereby certify that in pursuance of our duties as set forth in said Act of the Legislature of the State of California, we have examined the books and papers in the office of E. M. Banvard, the Treasurer of Placer county, and find that there should be on the sixth day of May A. D. 1864, on the close of the official business of said day the amounts in the several county funds as specified below, namely:

County Fund	$ 355 15
Redemption do	3,630 24
Hospital do	246 14
School do	404 71
School Districts	4,433 55
Road do	1,953 59
Indian Fund	37 60
Estates of Deceased Persons	150 91
County Clerk's Fund	398 42
Railroad Interest Fund	1,030 92
Total amount	$12,141 33

And we further certify, that we have counted the money in the Treasury of Placer county, and find that there is in said Treasury, in United States gold and silver coin, the sum of Twelve thousand one hundred and forty-one 33-100 dollars.

I. R. S. H. FELLOWS, County Judge.

JAS. R. RODGERS,
D. W. MADDEN,
A. B. SCOTT. } Board of Supervisors

Subscribed and sworn to, before me this sixth day of May, 1864. D. W. SPEAR, County Clerk.

May 13.-1m

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagan.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch.
or Lundyfoot,

☞ ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCOS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.	FINE-CUT CHEWING.	SMOKING.
Long,	P. A. L., or plain,	S. Jago
No. 1,	Cavendish, or Sweet,	Spanish,
No. 2,	Sweet Scented Oronoco,	Canaster,
1 & 2 mixed,	Tin Foil Cavendish,	Turkish
Granulated.		

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. May 21.-1y

---

GROVER & BAKER'S

Noiseless

Sewing Machines!

For Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes

☞ **Prices from $60 Upwards** ☜

Over 50,000 in Use!

WE beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our manufacture. Every Machine sold by us *IS WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

Card from the Grover & Baker S. M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. All machines sewing from the spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements

GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the *GROVER & BAKER SEWING COMPANY*, or their Agents, or Licenses, and stamped under my patent of September, 10, 11.

Said Company and their Licenses, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machines, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, Jr.

☞ The attention of Tailors and Manufacturers, who prefer the "lock stitch," is called to our

Improved Shuttle Machines,

which are speedily adapted to their requirements

—AND—

☞ **THE BEST IN USE** ☜

R. G. BROWN, Agent,

329 (91) Montgomery street,

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SAMUEL JELLY, 124 J st. Sacramento City;
J. T. ALLMENT, 156 Second st., Marysville;
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J. F. BARSS, Placerville;
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BLANKS, TRUST DEEDS, AND CERTIFICATES OF INCORPORATION, for sale at this office.

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THE APPLICATION OF

WIRE ROPE

FOR HOISTING FROM SHAFTS AND INCLINES.

Reduces your expenditure for Rope

SIXTY-SIX PER CENT.

ALL KINDS OF

WIRE ROPE, FLAT AND ROUND!

Pamphlets containing strength, &c. of Rope, with full information forwarded free, on application to the Manufacturers,

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412 Clay street, San Francisco.

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WHEELER & WILSON'S

NEW STYLE

IMPROVED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES

ALL FORMER OBJECTIONS OVERCOME

No Leather pad used in the

NEW STYLE MACHINES!

THE NEW STYLE HEMMER

AND

TRANSPARENT CLOTH PRESSER!!

ARE ATTACHED TO THE

IMPROVED MACHINE.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

—THE—

MISSION WOOLLEN MILLS

—USE—

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHNES!

MAKING UP

OVER-SHIRTS, COATS, SUITS, &c.

They now use from 40 to 50 constantly, and are turning out

THE FINEST GOODS

In the Market.

☞ *SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.* ☜

H. C. HAYDEN, Agent

Corner Sacramento and Montgomery streets,

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FRENCH, WILSON & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Make the best Clothing:

Furnishing Goods, all kinds.

Retailing for cash, at Wholesale Prices.

Largest and Best Stock of

CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS,
CARPET BAGS,
UMBRELLAS,
VALISES, &c

To be found in any Retail House in Caliofrnia.

Goods suitable for traveling purposes in any climate.

We have fitted up a custom department in connection with our former business, and employ over seventy-five Tailors to make up fine clothing to order. We have the best cutter on this coast, which enables us to guarantee a perfect fit in all cases without alteration.

Our stock of cloths, cassimeres and Vestings are the finest imported from Paris or New York his season.

☞ Strangers visiting the city will please call and leave their measure, free of charge.

Aplil-1y FRENCH, WILSON & CO.

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JONATHAN KITTREDGE, Proprietor.

MANUFACTURER OF

FIRE-PROOF DOORS,
SHUTTERS,
BANK VAULTS,
PRISON CELLS,
RAILINGS,
GRATINGS,
BOLTS,
BALCONIES,
BRIDGE WORK,

and all kinds of BLACKSMITH WORK.

A large assortment of Second Hand Doors and Shutters, constantly on hand, and for sale at very low rates.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

108 Battery Street, near Pacific, San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 1, 1862. 6m

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

SANSOME STREET,

Opposite the American Theater, an Francisco.

S. H. SEYMOUR,.....Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LONG CONNECTED with the establishment as Book-keeper, begs leave respectfully to inform the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, that he has leased from Mr. Bailey Sargent,

THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTABLISHMENT,

which will in future be entirely under his management and control, and where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests,

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE is so well known to the people of California, that it seems almost unnecessary to say anything in praise, either of the building or its location. The Proprietor will only remark that it is inferior to no house in the State in all the requirements of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, being in a central location and easy of access from all parts of the city. The ROOMS are large and WELL VENTILATED, and furnished with Spring Mattresses. Water has been introduced into all parts of the house.

BATH ROOMS on the premises for the convenience of families.

The Coaches are attached to the Hotel to convey passengers to and from the steamers.

m25-3m SIMON H. SEYMOUR.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

REDUCTION IN PRICES,

To Subscribers.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING list of American and Foreign Periodicals for which I receive subscriptions. Permanent arrangements having been made by the United States Government for the carrying of the mails from the Atlantic States by steamer three times a month, I am enabled to receive subscriptions at a much lower rate than formerly. The same care and attention will be paid to the forwarding of all packages, for which this establishment has gained such an enviable reputation throughout the Pacific Coast.

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	PER YEAR.
Harper's Monthly Magazine	$3 50
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New York Clipper	3 50
New York Home Journal	3 50
New York Weekly Tribune	3 50
New York Sunday Mercury	3 50
New York Sunday Atlas	3 50
New York Sunday Times	3 50
New York Sunday Dispatch	3 50
New York Sunday Courier	3 50
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New York World	3 50
New York Journal of Commerce	3 50
New York Independent	3 50
New York Leader	3 00
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New York Leslie's Pictorial	3 50
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New York Illustrated News	3 50
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New York Criminal Zeitung	3 50
New York Family Blatter	3 50
New York Vanity Fair	3 50
New York Irish American	3 50
New York Scientific American	3 50
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New York Tablet	3 50
New York Country Gentleman	3 50
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New York Mercury	3 50
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Louisville Weekly Journal	3 50
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St. Louis Weekly Republican	3 50

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Union Democrat, Sonora,
San Andreas Independant
Amador Sentinel, Jackson,
Mountain Messenger, La Porte,
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All the blanks printed at this office have been revised by one of the most eminent lawyers in the State.